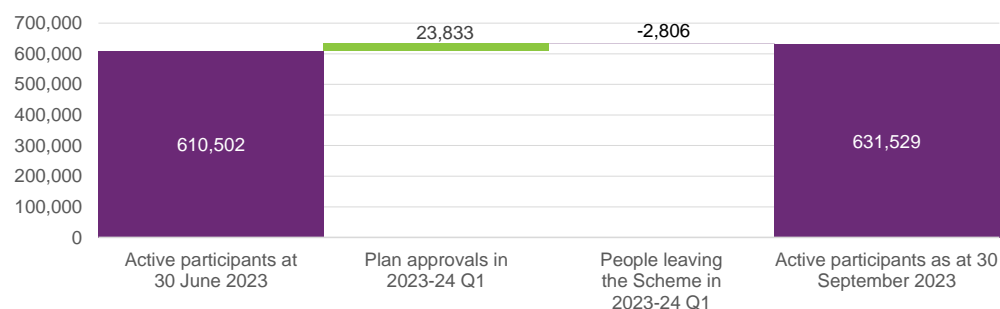


The new Information and Communications Technology (ICT) system test commenced in Tasmania in the December 2022 quarter. The Quarterly Performance Dashboard combines data from the current and new ICT systems, where it is available. Data from the new ICT system is not available for all tables shown. Where this is materially incomplete at the Tasmanian Level, the underlying data for the corresponding Tasmanian dashboard has not been shown. However, at a National level the data is less impacted and continues to be included. This may lead to restatements of information in future reports.

Participants and Planning

Participant experience	As at 30 Sep	As at 30 Jun
Active participants with approved plans (excluding children accessing early connections)	631,529	610,502
Children accessing early connections ¹	19,454	17,589
Children waiting for early connections	724	698
Children benefiting from the Scheme no longer needing supports (current quarter % per annum) ²	5.3%	5.0%
Percentage of participants fully or partially self managing their plan	29%	29%
Percentage of plans activated within 90 days ³	87%	86%
Number of participant plan reassessments completed in the quarter ⁴	63,430	69,570

Change in active participants between 30 Jun 2023 and 30 Sep 2023



Performance summary:

- 675,772 participants (excluding children accessing early connections) have had an approved plan since July 2013. 631,529 of these continue to be active.
- 412,697 active participants have not previously received disability support via State and Commonwealth government programs in the past.
- In the current quarter, 23,833 participants have entered the Scheme and there are 19,454 children accessing early connections at the end of September 2023.
- 63,430 plans have had reassessments this quarter.
- 31,944 access decisions have been made in the quarter, of which 23,194 met access and are still active.
- 2,378 (10.0%) of the new active participants this quarter identified as First Nations participants, taking the total number of First Nations participants nationally to 48,966 (7.8%).
- 2,022 (8.5%) of the new active participants this quarter are Culturally and Linguistically Diverse (CALD) ⁵, taking the total number of CALD participants nationally to 57,554 (9.1%).

Participant outcomes and satisfaction

Participant outcomes and satisfaction	Latest Reassessment	Baseline
Participant and Scheme Outcome metrics from the Corporate Plan as at 30 September 2023 ⁶		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participant employment rate - Aged 15 - 64 years • Participant social and community engagement rate - Aged 15+ years • Parent and carer employment rate - All ages 	23%	21%
	42%	35%
	50%	46%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participant perception of choice and control - Aged 15+ years 	Latest Reassessment	First Reassessment
	77%	67%
% of participants rating their overall experience as very good or good by pathway stage – current vs previous quarter	2023-24 Q1	2022-23 Q4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Access 	77%	80%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pre-planning 	80%	80%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning 	86%	86%
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plan reassessment 	67%	67%

¹ In the September 2023 quarter, the early childhood approach applies to children younger than nine, following implementation of the ECEI reset age range change project. This change will occur over the next two years and ensures children and their families are supported by an early childhood partner during and after their transition to primary school. This is a change from the June 2023 quarter, where the early childhood approach applied to children younger than seven.

² This is an annualised rate of people leaving the scheme for participants aged 0 to 14 with approved plans and those who received early connections.

³ Trial participants (participants with initial plans approved prior to 1 July 2016) and those with initial plans approved after the end of 2022-23 Q3 have been excluded.

⁴ Plans less than 31 days in duration have been excluded from this tabulation, as these reassessments are more likely to represent corrections to the plan rather than a new plan reassessment to address a change in circumstance.

⁵ The number of CALD participants excludes First Nations participants.

⁶ The Outcome results include participants who have been in the Scheme for at least two years. Trial participants (participants with initial plans approved prior to 1 July 2016) are excluded.

Participant Service Guarantee (PSG)

Percentage meeting the Service Guarantee in the quarter ¹		Service Guarantee	30 Sep	30 Jun
General	1. Explain a previous decision, after a request for explanation is received	28 days	97%	99%
Access	2. Make an access decision, or request for more information, after an access request has been received	21 days	100%	100%
	3. Allow sufficient time for prospective participants to provide information, after NDIA has requested further information	90 days	100%	95%
Planning	4. Make an access decision, after more information has been provided	14 days	91%	97%
	5. Commence facilitating the preparation of a plan, after an access decision has been made	21 days	95%	96%
	6. Approve a participant's plan, after an access decision has been made (excludes those ECA ² that have received initial supports)	56 days	93%	94%
Implementation	7. Approve a plan for ECA ² participants, after an access decision has been made	90 days	97%	98%
	9. If the participant accepts the offer, hold a plan implementation meeting	28 days	100%	100%
Plan Reassessments	11. Commence facilitating a scheduled plan reassessment, prior to the scheduled reassessment date	56 days	73%	76%
	12. Decide whether to undertake a Participant Requested Plan Reassessment, after the request is received	21 days	72%	82%
	13. Complete a reassessment, after the decision to accept the request was made	28 days	64%	64%
Plan Amendments	14. Amend a plan, after the receipt of information that triggers the plan amendment process	28 days	93%	90%
	15. Amend a plan, after the receipt of information relating to a complex quote that triggers a plan amendment process	50 days	88%	96%
Reviewable Decisions	17. Complete an Internal Review of a Reviewable Decision, after a request is received	60 days	94%	98%
	18. Implement an AAT decision to amend a plan, after the AAT decision is made	28 days	99%	97%
Nominee	19. Cancel participant requested nominee	14 days	97%	100%
	20. Cancel CEO initiated nominee	14 days	97%	100%

• The PSG metrics are based on the recommendations of the 2019 Tune Review. The NDIA commenced measuring performance against the PSG metrics prior to the legislation of the Participant Service Charter and Guarantee. On 30 March 2022, the NDIS Amendment (Participant Service Guarantee and Other Measures) Bill 2021 passed in both houses of Parliament, and received Royal Assent on 1 April 2022. It introduces changes that provide greater flexibility for participants and the NDIA to amend plans.

¹ The PSG measures currently do not include participants who have migrated to the new Information and Communications Technology (ICT) system in Tasmania. However, the PSG measures are being remediated where there is a similar process and data available between the new and old systems. PSG results in the previous quarter may be restated due to ongoing logic refinement and changes in data quality.

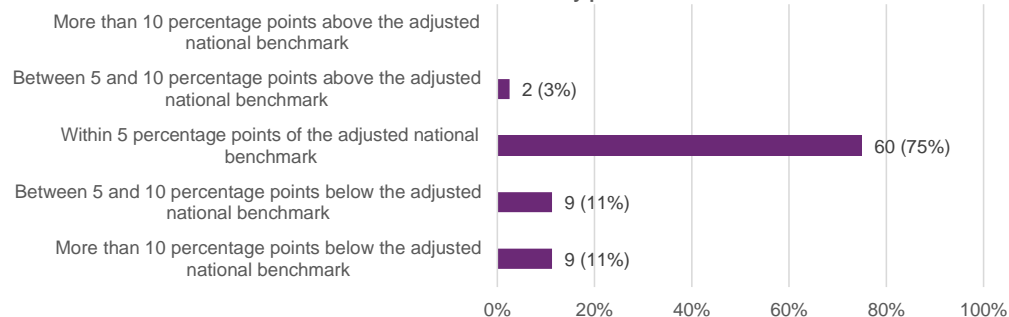
² ECA stands for Early Childhood Approach.

Provider and market metrics

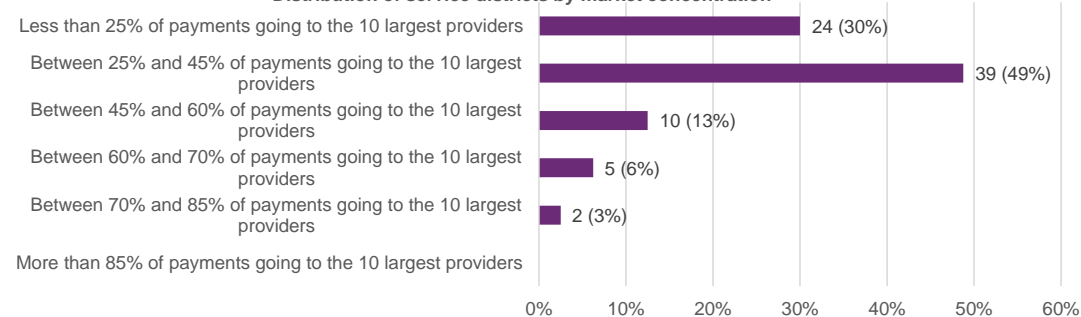
Market supply and participant costs	As at 30 Sep	As at 30 Jun
Total number of active providers (with at least one claim ever) ¹	20,340	19,969
Total number of active providers in the last quarter ¹	9,483	9,555
Utilisation (6 month rolling average with 3 month lag) (%)	77%	76%
Plan utilisation by service district (% of service districts that are more than 10 percentage points below the benchmark) ²	11%	6%
Market concentration (% of service districts where more than 70% of payments for supports go to the top 10 providers)	3%	4%
Payments paid within 5 days (%) ³	99.8%	99.8%
Total payments from 1 July 2023 (\$m)	\$9,939m	\$34,724m
Total annualised plan budgets at the end of quarter (\$m) ⁴	\$48,665m	\$45,715m
Total plan inflation (current quarter % per annum) ^{5 6 7}	15.1%	12.3%
Inflation at plan reassessment (current quarter % per annum)	5.4%	4.6%
Inflation within a plan, between reassessments (current quarter % per annum)	9.7%	7.7%
Socioeconomic equity (%) ⁸	101%	102%

- Total annualised plan budgets at 30 September 2023 were \$48,665m and payments from 1 July 2023 were \$9,939m.
- The number of active providers at the end of September is 20,340, growing by 2% in the quarter.
- Utilisation has been 77% from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023, with 11% (9 out of 80) of service districts more than 10 percentage points below the adjusted national benchmark.
- In 3% (2 out of 80) of service districts, the top 10 providers provide more than 70% of payments.

Distribution of service districts by plan utilisation ²



Distribution of service districts by market concentration



Service districts more than 10% below plan utilisation benchmark:

- NT East Arnhem: 51% vs 75% benchmark
- WA Goldfields-Esperance: 61% vs 75% benchmark
- WA Wheat Belt: 60% vs 73% benchmark
- WA Midwest-Gascoyne: 62% vs 75% benchmark
- WA Kimberley-Pilbara: 62% vs 74% benchmark
- NT Darwin Remote: 60% vs 71% benchmark
- SA Far North (SA): 66% vs 76% benchmark
- NSW Far West: 65% vs 75% benchmark
- SA Eyre and Western: 66% vs 76% benchmark

Service districts above the market concentration benchmark:

- NT Katherine: 79% vs 70% benchmark
- NT Barkly: 77% vs 70% benchmark

¹ Active providers refer to those who have received payment for supports provided to Agency-managed participants and plan managers.

² The 'benchmark' in this analysis is the national average after adjusting for the proportion of participants in Supported Independent Living (SIL) in each service district and the length of time participants have been in the Scheme.

³ The payment enquiries come from the Provider Portal, Participant Portal and NDIS App.

⁴ Total annualised plan budgets refer to those in the current plans of active participants at the end of quarter.

⁵ Total plan inflation consists of plan budget changes occurring at plan reassessment as well as changes occurring within a plan between reassessments.

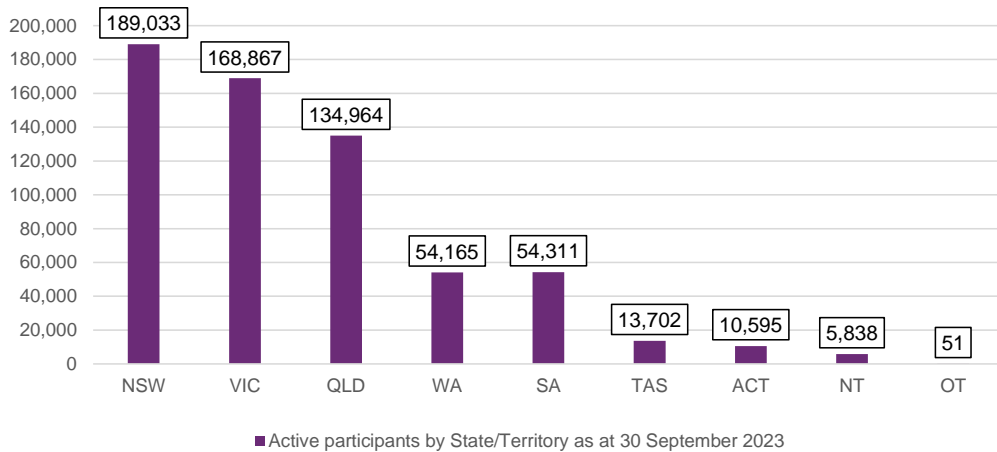
⁶ The Annual Pricing Review saw price limit increases on 1 July where unspent portions of plan budgets were increased in line with indexation rates in July to maintain the purchasing power of remaining plans. There has been a one-off 2.5% increase in intraplan and total inflation during the month of July 2023.

⁷ Improvements have been made to the committed supports model since the new Information and Communications Technology (ICT) system commenced in Tasmania in the December 2022 quarter. This has resulted in a one-off change in the historical inflation rates.

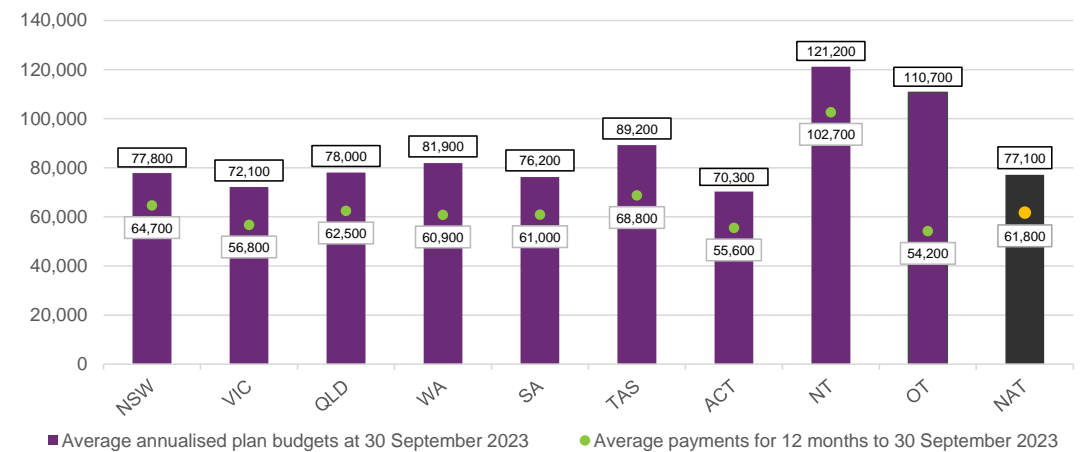
⁸ Socioeconomic status uses deciles from the ABS Index of Education and Occupation (IEO). A higher decile indicates that people residing in that area have a higher level of skills and qualifications on average. The socioeconomic equity metric is equal to the average annualised plan budget of participants residing in the top two IEO deciles divided by the average annualised plan budget of participants residing in the bottom two IEO deciles (participants not in SIL and aged 0 to 64).

Summaries by State/Territory

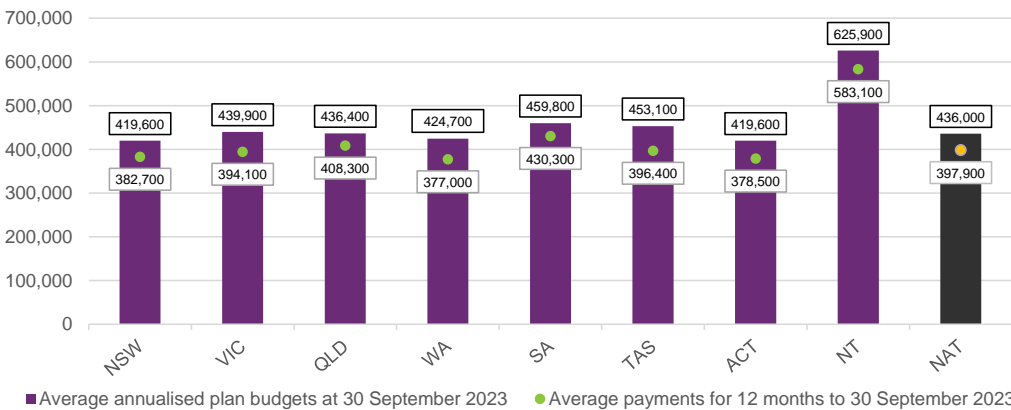
Active participants by State/Territory ¹



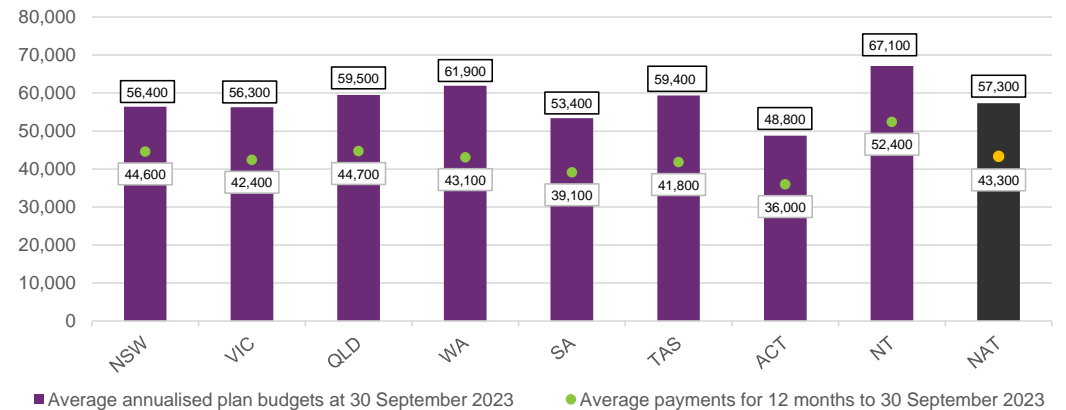
Average annualised plan budgets and average payments (\$) ²



Average annualised plan budgets and average payments - Participants in Supported Independent Living (SIL) (\$) ^{2 3}



Average annualised plan budgets and average payments - Participants not in SIL (\$) ^{2 3}



- NSW has the highest number (189,033) of active participants.
- The average annualised plan budget at the end of September for active participants is \$77,100 (\$57,300 for participants not in SIL and \$436,000 for participants in SIL).
- The average payments for the 12 months ending 30 September 2023 are \$61,800 (\$43,300 for participants not in SIL and \$397,900 for participants in SIL).
- NT has the highest average annualised plan budgets and payments. This is partially driven by a higher proportion of participants in SIL compared to other States/Territories.

¹ There are 3 active participants as at 30 September 2023 with missing State/Territory information. These participants are not shown in the chart.

² Average annualised plan budgets are derived from total annualised plan budgets in the current plans of active participants at 30 September 2023. Average payments are calculated as the average of the annualised monthly payments in the same 12 month period, weighted by the participants that are active in each month.

³ Given the small size of the Other Territories (OT) and missing groups, average annualised plan budgets and average payments for these groups are not shown.